average of five dollars a week can be easily managed. At best a nurse's active career is short, and surely during that active period we should look forward to and prepare for "the rainy day."

D. M. A.

DEAR EDITOR: My New-Yorkish feelings have been somewhat wounded by your recent editorial on our conditions here, and I am moved to advocate our cause for a moment. You forget our size when you talk about us. One general club or county society is all very well in nice little towns like Boston, Philadelphia, and Rochester, but you will find they could never be a success in Chicago or New York. They would be lost. You will find that only a small proportion (comparatively) of the medical profession here belong to the County Society, and one general nursing society could simply never cover the ground. If it were formed, the nurses who would join it would be those already interested in organization and who already belong to their alumnæ or a club, who would join it to "help along." I do not quite see the point of the same nurses organizing twice over in local groups in the same place. In New York those of us who talk over these things hope some day (not so far off, either) to have an affiliation of all the groups in Greater New York. This would not be a new and competing society, but a definite means of union and intercourse for all our nurses' associations in New York and Brooklyn, Staten Island, and Harlem. It would leave all the individual groups as strong as they are now, whereas a large general society would tend rather to weaken them without ever being able to take the place they now hold with the nurses. We in New York want to encourage all nurses to enter some group which will be to them what the family is to the individual. We encourage all we can to enter the Metropolitan Club. We want our graduates to join their alumnæs. And, for all and every nurse, both from schools here and elsewhere, who will enter, there has been formed lately a general society for Manhattan and Bronx, the aim of which is to gather in those who are now unorganized. Then later we hope to gather all these "family" groups into an affiliation, which will be, for social and professional purposes, the equivalent of the County Society, and to my mind better, for there will not be the duplication of fees and membership that now exists when a nurse joins both alumnæ and County Society. We may, in the future, get to the point of sending all our State Society delegates through this affiliation, but this is only a conjecture. And I will whisper to you that steps are being taken for a clubhouse or private hotel for nurses which shall be general in its character.

I will also hint to you that we are offered a tempting plan for next winter's lectures from the Berkeley Lyceum, where the League for Political Education meets. I will not tell you any more about that now, except that it will give us many club advantages, and that we are hoping to get all nurses in the town interested.

Yours sincerely,

A RESIDENT OF NEW YORK.

DEAR EDITOR: If not too late, may I say a word about life insurance? In the December number of the magazine "A Graduated Nurse," in replying to Miss Knight's article in the October number, says, "A man had deposited fifty dollars and forty-seven cents a year for twenty years in a New York life insurance company, and at the end of the twenty years the company offered him in cash fifteen hundred and forty-eight dollars and thirty-five cents, which is a return of all money deposited with 37.8 per cent. compound interest." Now, I would like to

know how "Graduate Nurse" makes out that large per cent.? I have taken that sum (fifty dollars and forty-seven cents) and compounded it at four per cent. once a year only, and I make the amount at the end of the twenty years sixteen hundred and thirteen dollars and forty-three cents, being sixty-five dollars and eight cents more than the insurance company offered. Several of our New York savings-banks have given four per cent. and compounded it oftener than once a year. Now, if I am correct in my figures, savings-banks are better than "that life insurance company." I have not yet found a life insurance company that will do better by me than a savings-bank. I have had a policy in one good New York company paid up in ten years. When I came to settle with them they offered to pay me just what I had put in, with interest on that sum of less than two per cent. I said to them: "You promised me a good rate of interest. Is this what you call a good rate?" Their reply was: "That was a verbal promise. We expected to do better by you, but everything is so depressed now that we cannot afford to do so."

Another nurse whom I know holds a policy in another company (a good one). When she had paid her last premium they offered to settle by paying her less than she had put in, although she had it in writing, signed by the agent who insured her, that they would give her a better rate of interest than she could get in any savings-bank. When the paper was given her she showed it to the secretary of the company, and he said it was correct. The company said "they were not responsible for what their agents did, and that the secretary was dead." They finally settled the matter by paying her less than one per cent. on what she had paid in. And letting the policy stand for ten years, she gets yearly accrued interest—which this year amounted to two per cent. At the end of ten years she gets the full amount she was insured for.

A short time ago an agent from another company called on me. He acknowledged before we were through talking that I was right. It was not a good investment for a nurse to insure her life, if she was only doing it to make money.

Now, I consider there are some good points about a life insurance.

- 1. It makes a nurse more saving (and as a class I think we are inclined not to save); her premium has got to be paid, and she will save her money to do it.
- 2. It does seem to me that as soon as a nurse begins to earn her twenty dollars per week a "thousand and one" persons spring up who want to borrow a few dollars, and we are not strong-minded enough to say No. But she can say, "I have my premium to pay; am sorry I cannot help you," etc., if she has her life insured.
- 3. If we have near and dear ones that we are helping, and who in case of our death will be in want, then by all means have our lives insured in their favor.

In regard to business men insuring their lives: I have been told by several that it is not as an investment, as they themselves expect no return for their money, but they know if anything happens to themselves or their business that their families are provided for. One gentleman told me that if it had not been for a life insurance a family he knew would have had nothing to pay the doctor's or nurse's bills or to live on for a year while the estate was being settled up.

ANOTHER GRADUATED NURSE.

DEAR EDITOR: The nurse in the ward of a great hospital seldom realizes that for the time being she stands in the same relation to an incoming patient as the mistress in a home does to the arriving visitor, with this difference,—the visitor comes with anticipation of a pleasant time, but the patient too often